#### Assessing the Security of Internet Connected Critical Infrastructures

The Comifin Project Approach

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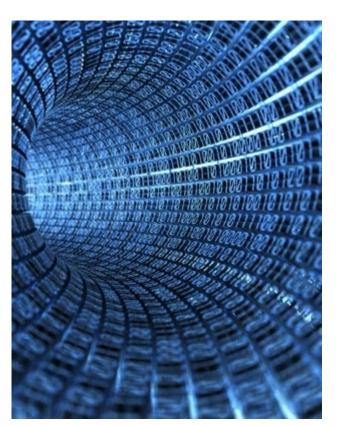


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# Motivation

- IoT ='s data conduit linking "things"
- Things ... sensors, devices, systems .... and onto comm. links within and across Critical Infrastructures (CI) for sensing, notification and control
- → IoT resilience (or its lack) affects the CI resilience based on it















# Goal: Basing Secure Communications on Insecure IoT

- Overlays
  - Adds filters
  - Adds routes
  - Adds functionality
  - Provides buffer to IoT threats Decouples IoT and CI associations
  - Provides monitoring of IoT <-> CI
- P2P etc : Classical approaches offer use of redundant paths and resources...but mostly offers regulated levels of resilience
  - Resources change, routes change
  - Attacks change
- Can we enhance IoT-centric overlays based communication to a "metrics" driven <u>adaptive</u> (on-demand QoP) levels of resilience?





## Approach: Metrics Driven Adaptation

Quantify resilience of IoT (sensing and communication) overlays

- Overlay trust metrics
- QoP specification with CI application-relevant metrics

Utilize the metrics basis to provide <u>adaptation</u> of overlays QoP

- Design phase (Trustworthiness by Design)
- Run-time phase (Trustworthiness by Adaptation)





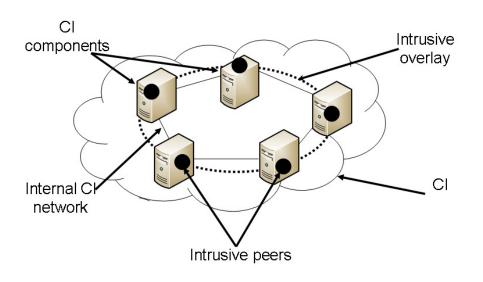
#### Process

- Metrics-based scoping of SLAs
- (Automated) Generation of the monitoring configuration from the metric and SLA definitions
- □ Multi-level metric evaluation system to handle complexity utilizing
  - simple arithmetic evaluators
  - simple rule based evaluator
  - complex event processing based evaluator
- Reference implementation for trustworthiness by adaptation based on run-time metrics monitoring
  - <u>Case Study</u>: P2P-based protection approaches targeting a Financial Infrastructure (FI)

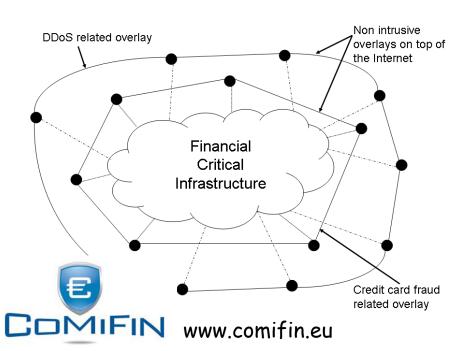




# IoT linked CIP Overlay Models (Intrusive, Non-Intrusive)



- Intrusive Overlays: Dedicated probes, routers, channels ...
- Distributed control systems (SCADA)



- Non-intrusive Overlays ... e.g. P2P: self standing properties - secure, dependable - & decoupled from the CI!
- □ CI handled as black-box
- Non-intrusive approach to realize an additional defense line/layer that implements further/new (usually collaborative) security mechanisms

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# Trustworthiness Metrics

Determining appropriate set of metrics requires extensive understanding of the target domain (Savola taxonomy)

- RoI cost-benefit metrics
- ISM information security management metrics
- SDT security, dependability & trust metrics
- → GQM: Goal-Question-Metric (user centric)

□ <u>CoMiFin</u>: multi-level GQM based evaluation system containing

- Resource-level metrics: CPU, sensor, net usage
- Availability metrics: uptime, availability, repair time
- Communication metrics: encryption strength, latency
- Overlay specific metrics: k-connectivity etc
- CI Application SpecificTrust metrics:
  - CI application requirements, responsiveness, quality, privacy, ...
  - Trust level of participant CI entity, type/priority of shareable info





By Design By Adaptation

Application dependent overlay security requirements
 Metrics set to monitor fulfillment of requirements

Usage of metrics for SLA specifications <u>with viability of run-time</u> monitoring (MeMo: Metrics Monitoring)

- □ IoT based compliance monitoring on SLA "degree of compliance"
- □ SLA violation detection with SLA "adjustments" framework

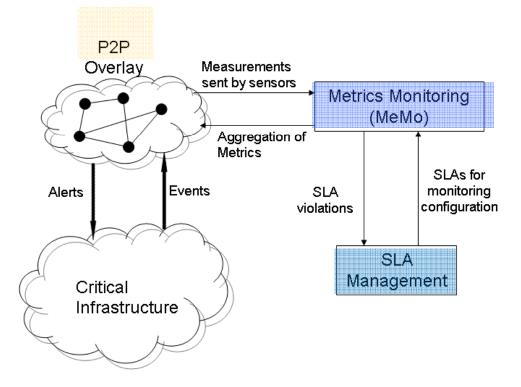




#### Metric-based QoP Assessment

□ Core ideas

- Metric-based definition of SLAs
- Run-time metric monitoring & SLA compliance checking



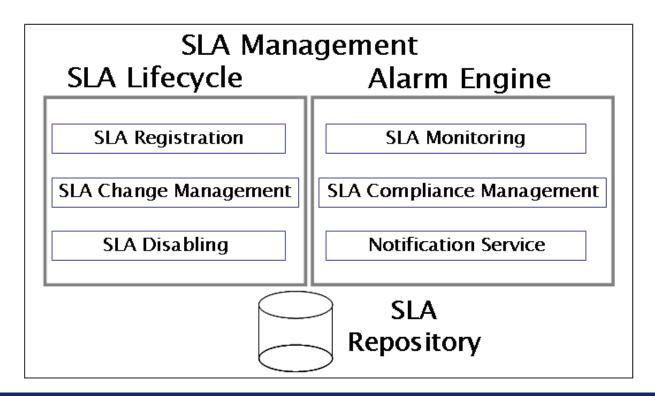


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# Trustworthiness by Design

- Define metric-based SLA to
  - capture user requirements
  - specify guarantees the system is required to provide
  - define penalties for missing specified guarantees
- □ Implementation of an SLA Management component



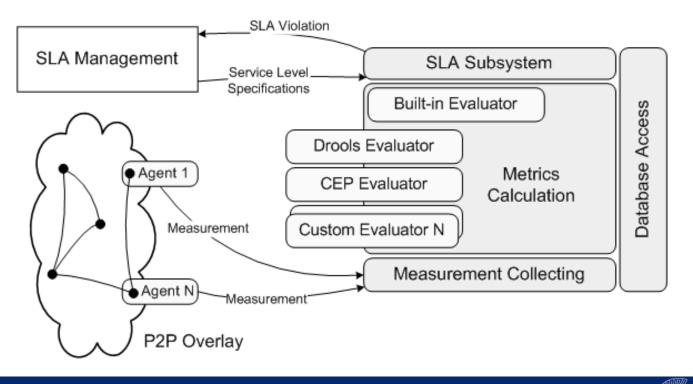


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# Trustworthiness by Adaptation

Goal: evaluate QoP at run-time and accordingly trigger alerts or overlay reconfigurations to maintain the desired QoP level
Metrics Monitoring (MeMo) approach

- collects run-time measurements (Drools rule engine)
- calculates trust metrics (CEP Evaluator IBM Agilis etc)
- notifies on SLA violations





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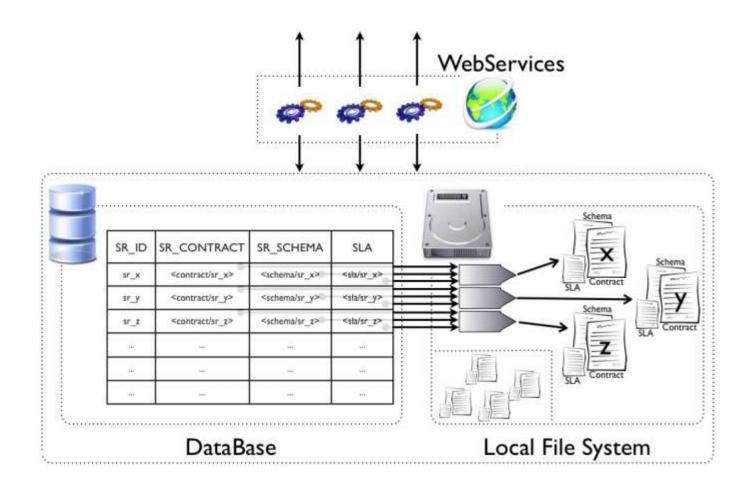
#### Status: Trustworthiness by Adaptation

- □ Automated Generation of Monitoring Configurations:
  - IoT infrastructures are subject to frequent changes
  - Consistent and coherent model of the system needs to be maintained
  - Forms basis of IT system monitoring and management
- SLA Manager interacting with MeMo to monitor the degree of compliance with predefined SLAs
- □ Interaction with MeMo triggered on FI SLA violations
- IoT-based monitoring activities of MeMo for detection of SLA violations for reporting & adaptatation to SLA Manager
- $\hfill\square$  Countermeasure detailing as per penalties stated in the SLA





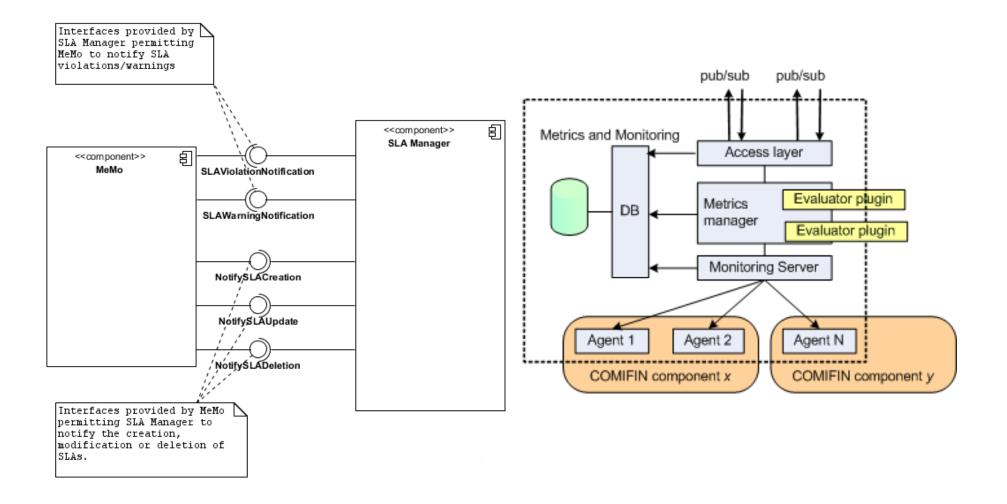
#### SLA Generator







# Status: MeMo (SLA Mgr, Evaluator Plug In Rules Engine)

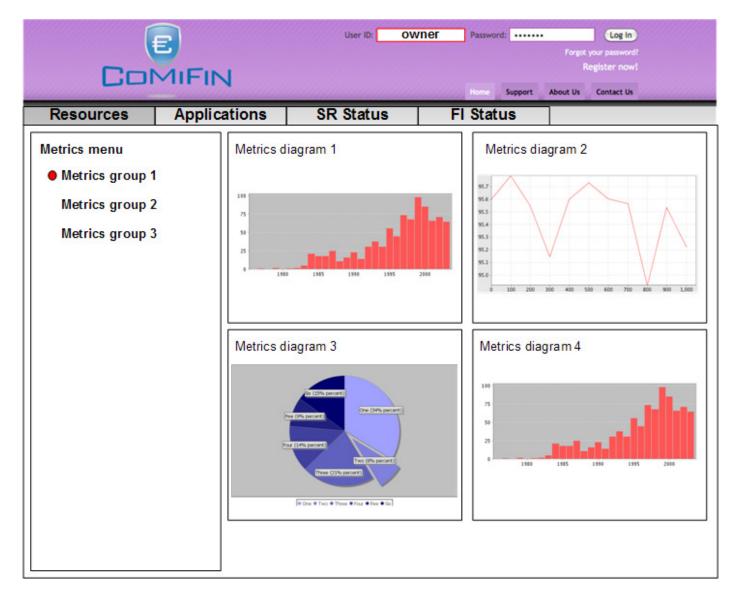




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#### Dashboard Manager







# Conclusions and Future Work

#### 🛛 Status

- Metric based definition of SLAs (Generalized IoT Model)
- Semi-automatic generation of monitoring configuration from metrics and SLA definitions
- Multi-level metric evaluation system to handle complexity
- MeMo driven SLA Adaptation
- □ Future work
  - Formal models of security measurement and Metrics
  - Privacy metrics

www.comifin.eu: Communication Middleware For Monitoring Financial Critical Infrastructures



